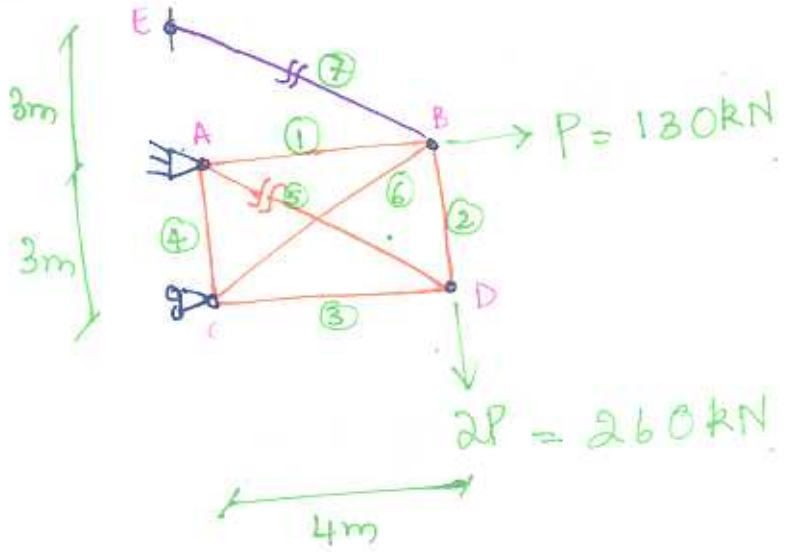
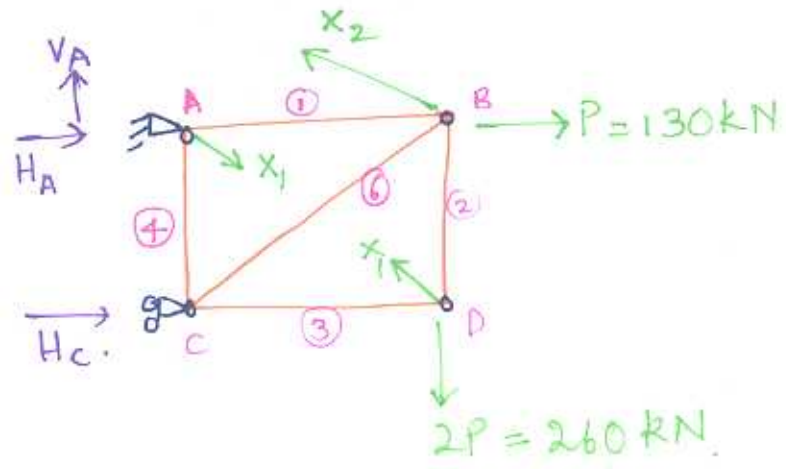


P = 130

(2)



Choosing $n_s = 2$.
 Choosing bar 5 and cable tension as redundants,
 $\Rightarrow N_5 = X_1, N_7 = X_2$, the primary structure becomes:



$$H_A + H_C = P - X_2 \times \frac{4}{5}$$

$$= (130 + \frac{4}{5} X_2)$$

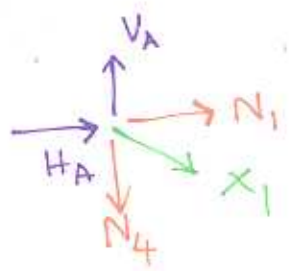
$$V_A = (260 \text{ kN} - \frac{3}{5} X_2)$$

$$\sum M_B = 0$$

$$\rightarrow -4V_A + 3H_C = 0$$

$$H_C = \frac{4}{3} (260 - \frac{3}{5} X_2)$$

$$\Rightarrow H_A = \frac{8}{5} X_2 - \frac{1430}{3}$$



$$V_A = 260 - \frac{3}{5} X_2$$

$$H_A = \frac{8}{5} X_2 - \frac{1430}{3}$$

$$H_C = \frac{1940}{3} - \frac{4}{5} X_2$$

At A:

$$H_A + N_1 + X_1 \times \frac{4}{5} = 0$$

$$N_1 = \frac{1430}{3} - \frac{8}{5} X_2 - \frac{4}{5} X_1$$

$$V_A - N_4 - X_1 \times \frac{3}{5} = 0$$

$$N_4 = 260 - \frac{3}{5} X_2 - \frac{3}{5} X_1$$

$$\sum \left(\frac{\partial N_i}{\partial X_2} \right) N_i \delta EA = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{128}{25} + \frac{97}{25} + 5 \right) X_1 + \left(\frac{256}{25} + \frac{97}{25} + 7.5 \right) X_2 = \frac{9152}{3} + 488 + \frac{6500}{3}$$

$$10.48 X_1 + 18.1 X_2 = 5373.33$$

$$X_1 = 128.3$$

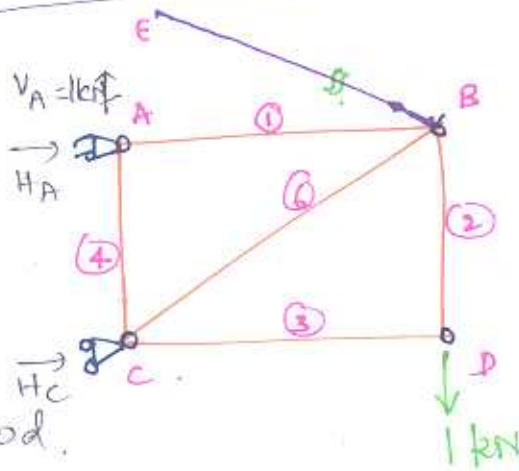
$$X_2 = 225.48$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{278}{25} X_1 + \frac{941}{50} X_2 = \frac{17056}{3} \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

| |
|---------------------------|
| $X_1 = 116.73 \text{ kN}$ |
| $X_2 = 283.12 \text{ kN}$ |

In the primary structure,

Using Unit Load Method.



$$\Rightarrow \text{At D, } \boxed{m_2 = 1} ; \boxed{m_3 = 0}$$

At C:

$$H_c + m_6 \times \frac{4}{5} = 0$$

$$m_4 + 3 \frac{m_6}{5} = 0$$

$$m_4 = -\frac{3}{5} m_6$$

$$\boxed{m_4 = 1}$$

At B:

$$m_1 + m_6 \left(\frac{4}{5} \right) = 0$$

$$m_6 \times \frac{3}{5} + 1 = 0$$

$$\boxed{m_6 = -\frac{5}{3}}$$

$$\boxed{m_1 = +\frac{4}{3}}$$

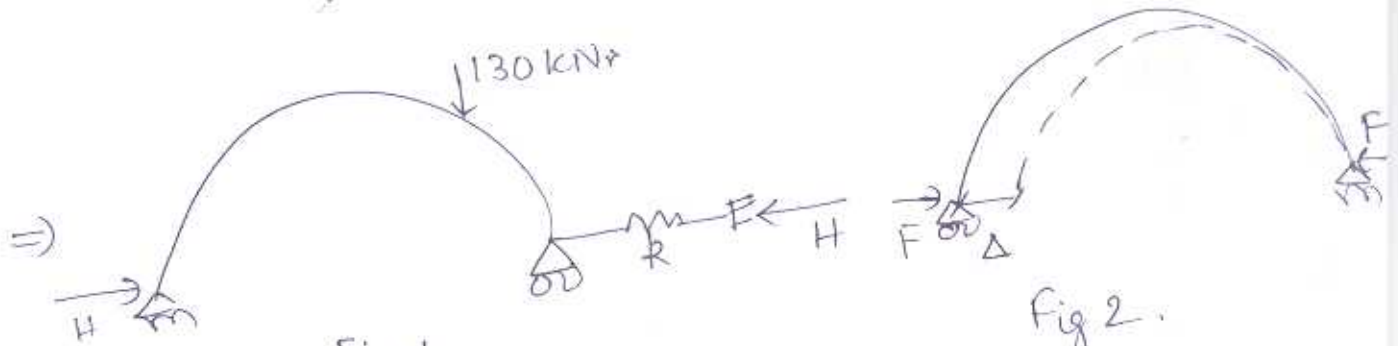
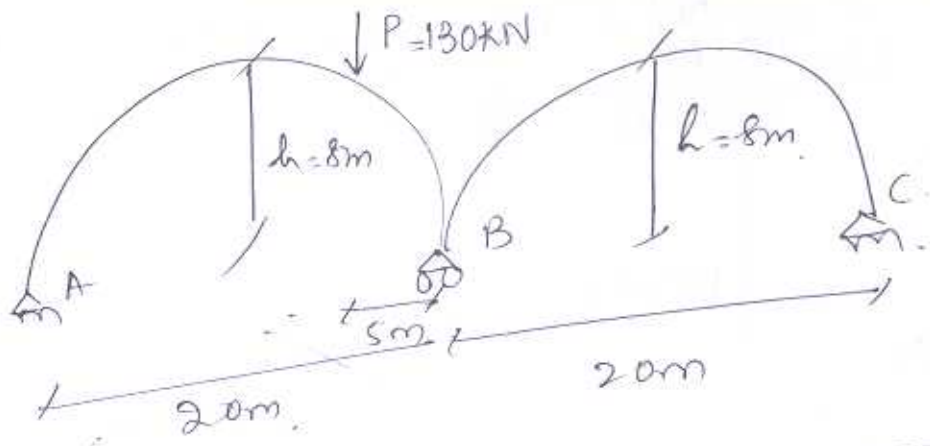
| Bar No. i | $f_i = \frac{L_i}{EA_i}$ m/kN | N_i kN | m_i kN/kN | $m_i N_i f_i = m_i N_i f_i$ (m) |
|----------------|-------------------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 | $\frac{4}{EA}$ | 10.29 | $\frac{4}{3}$ | $\frac{54.88}{EA}$ |
| 2 | $\frac{3}{EA}$ | 189.96 | 1 | $\frac{569.88}{EA}$ |
| 3 | $\frac{4}{EA}$ | -93.38 | 0 | 0 |
| 4 | $\frac{3}{EA}$ | 50.09 | 1 | $\frac{150.27}{EA}$ |
| 5 | $\frac{5}{EA}$ | 116.73 | 0 | 0 |
| 6 | $\frac{5}{EA}$ | -83.48 | $-\frac{5}{3}$ | $\frac{695.67}{EA}$ |
| 7 | $\frac{5}{2EA}$ | 233.12 | 0 | 0 |

$$D_D = \sum m_i N_i f_i = \frac{1415.82}{EA} \text{ m.}$$

$$\Rightarrow 12 \times 10^{-3} = \frac{1415.82}{EA}$$

$$\Rightarrow EA = \frac{117.985 \times 10^3 \text{ kN}}{\Rightarrow \boxed{EA = 1.18 \times 10^5 \text{ kN}}} \text{ Ans.}$$

Q1



We can separate the arches by placing a translational spring of stiffness k in the place of unloaded arch. k can be found from unloaded arch.

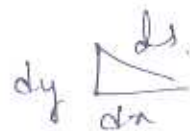
In Fig 2. By Castigliano's Theorem II

$$U^* - F\Delta = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{dU^*}{dF} = \Delta$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta = \frac{d}{dF} \left[\frac{1}{2} \int_0^8 \frac{M^2(s) ds}{EI(s)} \right] = \frac{d}{dF} \int_0^{s/2} \frac{M^2(s) ds}{EI(s)}$$

$$= 2 \int_0^{s/2} \frac{M(s)}{EI(s)} \frac{dM}{dF} ds$$

But $ds = dx \sqrt{1+(y')^2}$



$$\Rightarrow \Delta = 2 \int_0^{L/2} \frac{M(x)}{EI(x)} \frac{dM(x)}{dF} dx \sqrt{1+(y')^2}$$

$$I(x) = I_0 \sqrt{1+(y')^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta = \frac{2}{EI_0} \int_0^{L/2} (M_0(x) - Fy(x)) (-y(x)) dx$$

∵ there is no loading on free beam

$$\Rightarrow \Delta = \frac{2}{EI_0} \int_0^{L/2} F y^2(x) dx$$

\therefore Parabolic Arch

$$\Delta = \frac{2}{EI_0} F \int_0^{L/2} y^2(x) dx = \frac{2F}{EI_0} \left(\frac{H h^2 L}{15} \right)$$

$$\Delta = \left(\frac{8 h^2 L}{15 EI_0} \right) F$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{k = \frac{15 EI_0}{8 h^2 L}} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

In fig 1,

$$U^* = U^*_{\text{arch}} + U^*_{\text{spring}}$$

$$U^* = \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \int_0^{L/2} \frac{M^2(x) dx \sqrt{1+(y')^2}}{EI_0 \sqrt{1+(y')^2}} + \frac{H^2}{2k} = \frac{1}{EI_0} \int_0^{L/2} (M^0(x) - Hy(x))^2 dx + \frac{H^2}{2k}$$

$$\frac{dU^*}{dH} = \frac{1}{EI_0} \int_0^{L/2} 2(M^0(x) - Hy(x)) (-y(x)) dx + \frac{H}{k} = 0$$

(By Theorem of least work - by choosing H as redundant.)

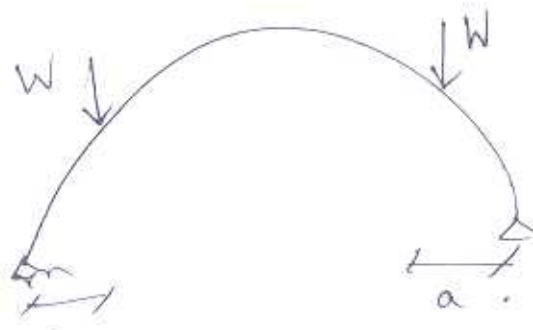
$$\Rightarrow H \left[\frac{EI_0}{k} + 2 \int_0^{L/2} y^2(x) dx \right] = 2 \int_0^{L/2} M^0(x) y(x) dx$$

$$H = \frac{2 \int_0^{L/2} M^0(x) y(x) dx}{\left[\frac{8 h^2 L}{15} + \frac{8 h^2 L}{15} \right]}$$

Substituting from
(1) $k = \frac{15 EI_0}{8 h^2 L}$

$$\boxed{H = \frac{15}{8 h^2 L} \int_0^{L/2} M^0(x) y(x) dx}$$

H due to eccentric load is half of corres. symmetric load.



$$W = 130 \text{ kN}$$

$$a = 5 \text{ m}$$

$$L = 20 \text{ m}$$

$$h = 8 \text{ m}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^{L/2} M^0(x) y(x) dx = \frac{W h a}{3L^2} [L^3 - 2La^2 + a^3] \left(\frac{L}{2} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow H = \frac{15}{8}$$

for symmetric. for eccentric.

$$\Rightarrow H = \frac{15}{8h^2L} \times \frac{W h a}{3L^2} [L^3 - 2La^2 + a^3] \times \frac{L}{2}$$

$$= \frac{15 \times 130 \times 5}{8 \times 8 \times 3} \left[1 - 2\left(\frac{a}{L}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{a}{L}\right)^3 \right] \times \frac{L}{2}$$

$$= \frac{15 \times 130 \times 5}{64 \times 3} \left(1 - 2 \times \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^3 \right) \times \frac{L}{2}$$

$$= \frac{45.23 \text{ kN}}{2} = 22.614 \text{ kN} \quad \text{Ans.}$$

Normal Thrust (Axial Compression), shear force.

$$\begin{Bmatrix} N(x) \\ S(x) \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & y' \\ -y' & 1 \end{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+(y')^2}} \begin{Bmatrix} H \\ V(x) \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$N(x) = (H + y' V(x)) \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+(y')^2}}$$

$$S(x) = (-y' H + V(x)) \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+(y')^2}}$$

$$M(x) = M^0(x) - H y(x)$$

$$y(x) = \frac{4h}{L^2} x(L-x) = 0.08 (20x - x^2) = 1.6x - 0.08x^2$$

$$y'(x) = 0.08(20 - 2x) = 1.6 - 0.16x ; H = 22.614 \text{ kN}$$

| S.No. | x | V(x) | y(x) | y'(x) | $\sqrt{1+(y')^2}$ | N(x) | S(x) | M(x) | M'(x) |
|-------|------|-------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|---------|
| | m | kN | $\frac{1.6x - 0.08x^2}{m}$ | $\frac{1.6 - 0.16x}{m}$ | | $\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+(y')^2}} \times (H + y'V(x))$ kN | $\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+(y')^2}} (-y'H + V(x))$ kN | $M(x) = M'(x) + Hy'$ kNm | kN |
| 1. | 0 | 32.5 | 0 | 1.6 | 1.887 | 39.54 | -1.951 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | 2.5 | 32.5 | 3.5 | 1.2 | 1.562 | 39.446 | 3.433 | 81.25 | 2.101 |
| 3 | 5 | 32.5 | 6 | 0.8 | 1.281 | 37.950 | 11.248 | 162.5 | 26.816 |
| 4 | 7.5 | 32.5 | 7.5 | 0.4 | 1.077 | 33.068 | 21.778 | 243.75 | 74.145 |
| 5 | 10 | 32.5 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 22.614 | 32.500 | 325 | 144.088 |
| 6 | 12.5 | 32.5 | 7.5 | -0.4 | 1.077 | 8.927 | 38.575 | 406.25 | 236.645 |
| 7 | 15- | 32.5 | 6 | -0.8 | 1.281 | -2.643 | 39.490 | 487.5 | 351.816 |
| 8 | 15+ | -97.5 | 6 | -0.8 | 1.281 | 78.500 | -61.990 | 487.5 | 351.816 |
| 9 | 17.5 | -97.5 | 3.5 | -1.2 | 1.562 | 89.380 | -45.047 | 243.75 | 164.601 |
| 10 | 20 | -97.5 | 0 | -1.6 | 1.887 | 94.655 | -32.495 | 0 | 0 |

Answers

Ans

$$\text{Max } N(x) = 94.655 \text{ kN}$$

$$x = 20$$

Max

$$|S(x)| = 61.990 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{Max } M(x) = 351.816 \text{ kNm}$$

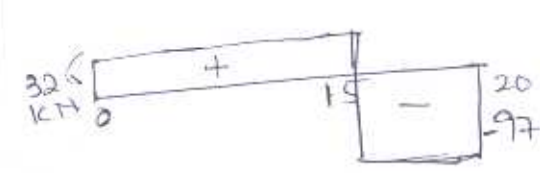
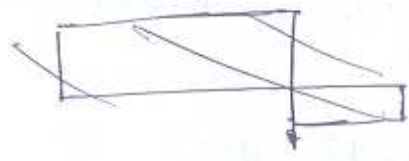
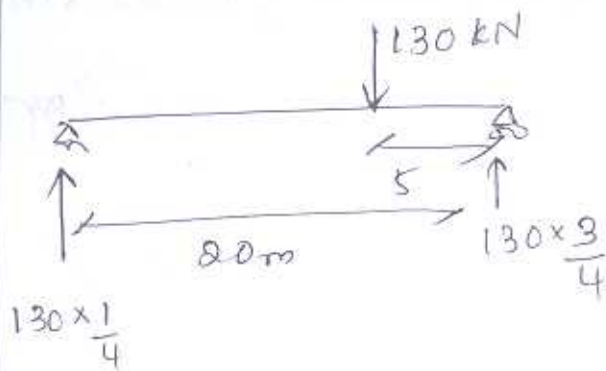
$$\text{Max } N(x) \text{ (thrust)} = 94.655 \text{ kN} \rightarrow x = 20 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Max } |S(x)| \text{ Shear force} = 61.990 \text{ kN}$$

Max BM \rightarrow

$$351.816 \text{ kNm} \rightarrow \text{at } x = 15^+ \text{ m}$$

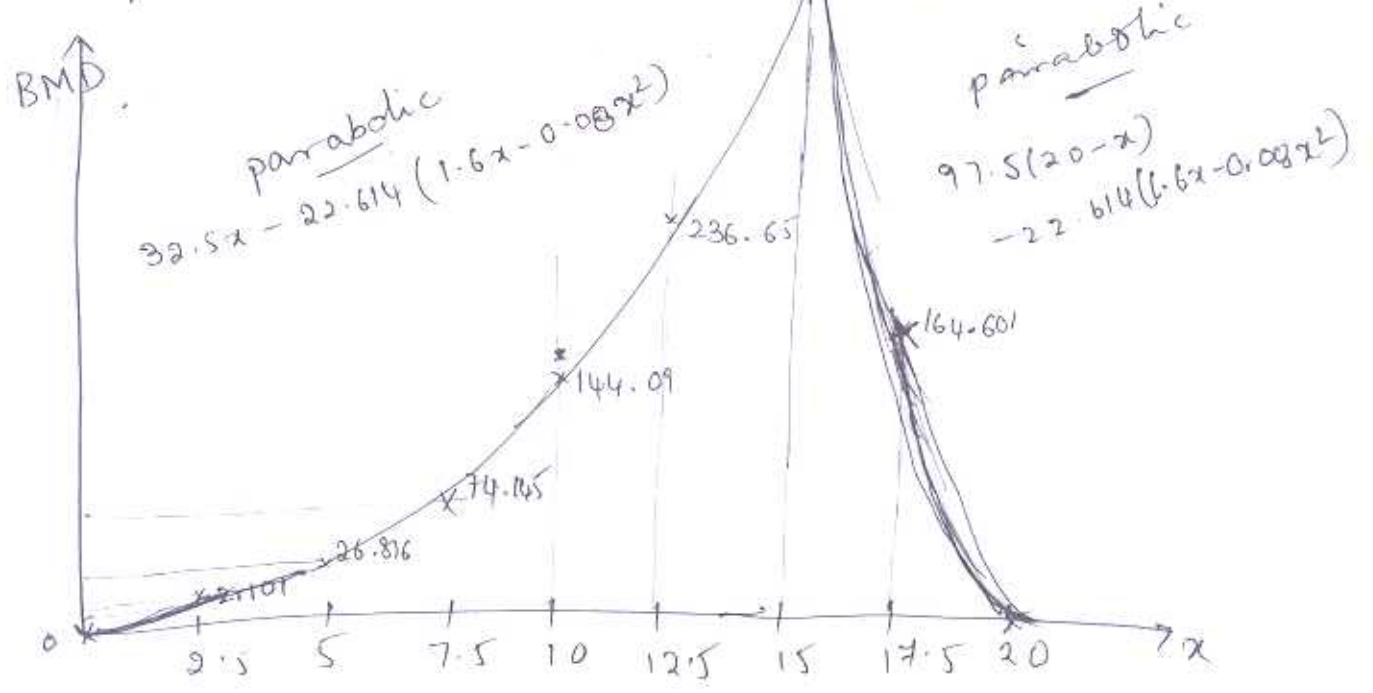
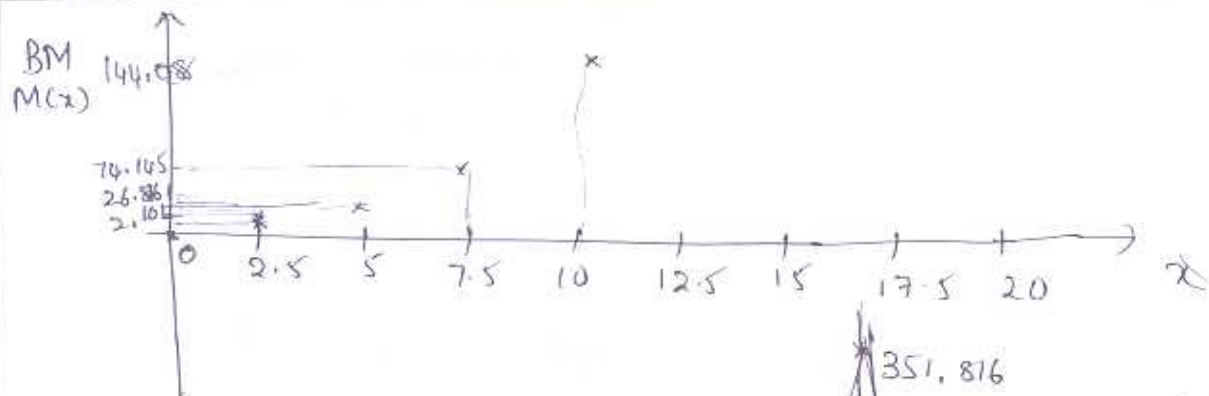
at $x = 15^+$

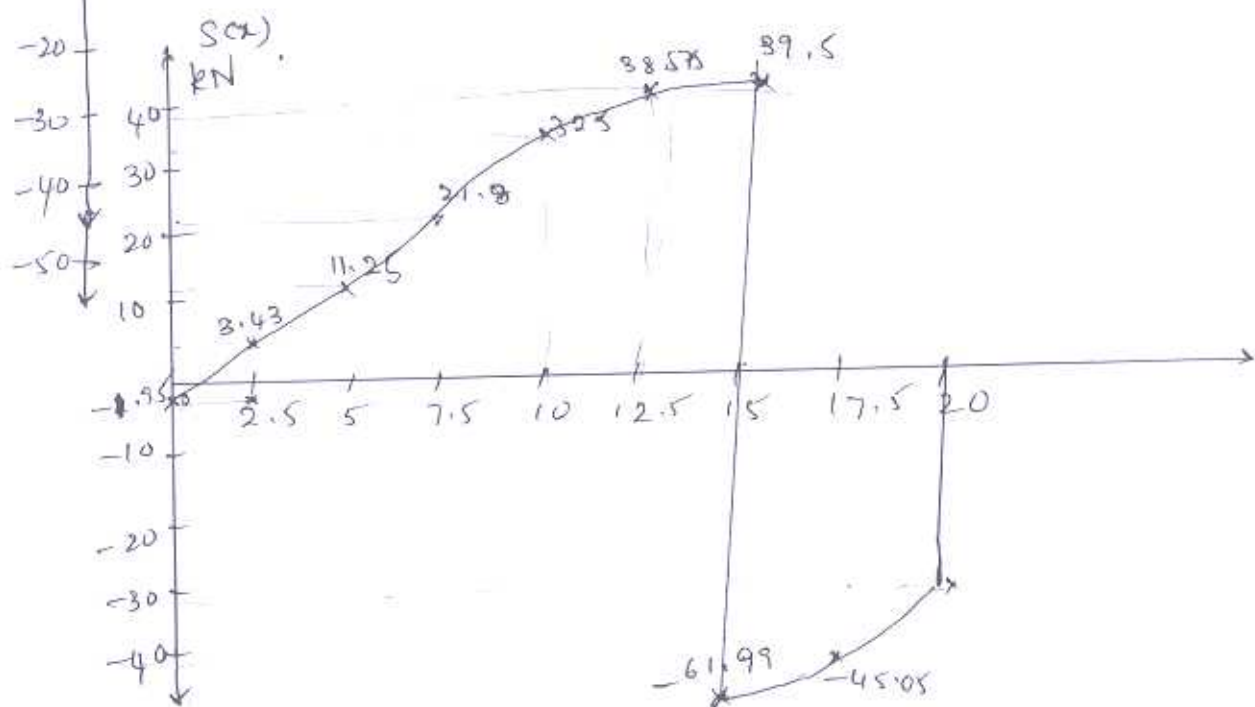
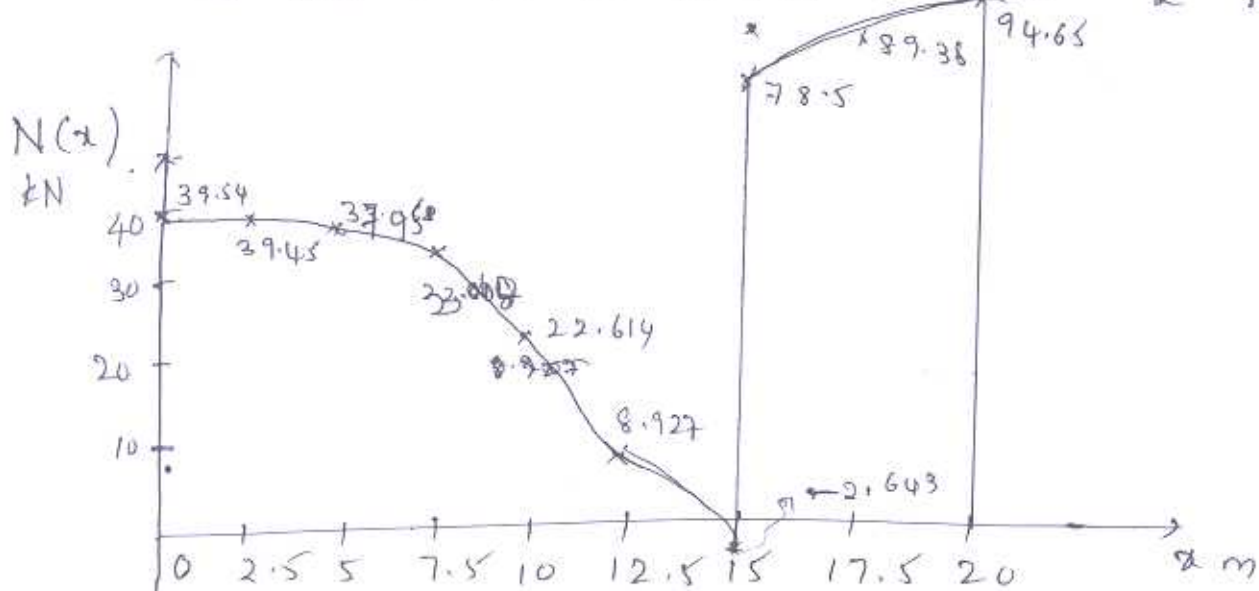
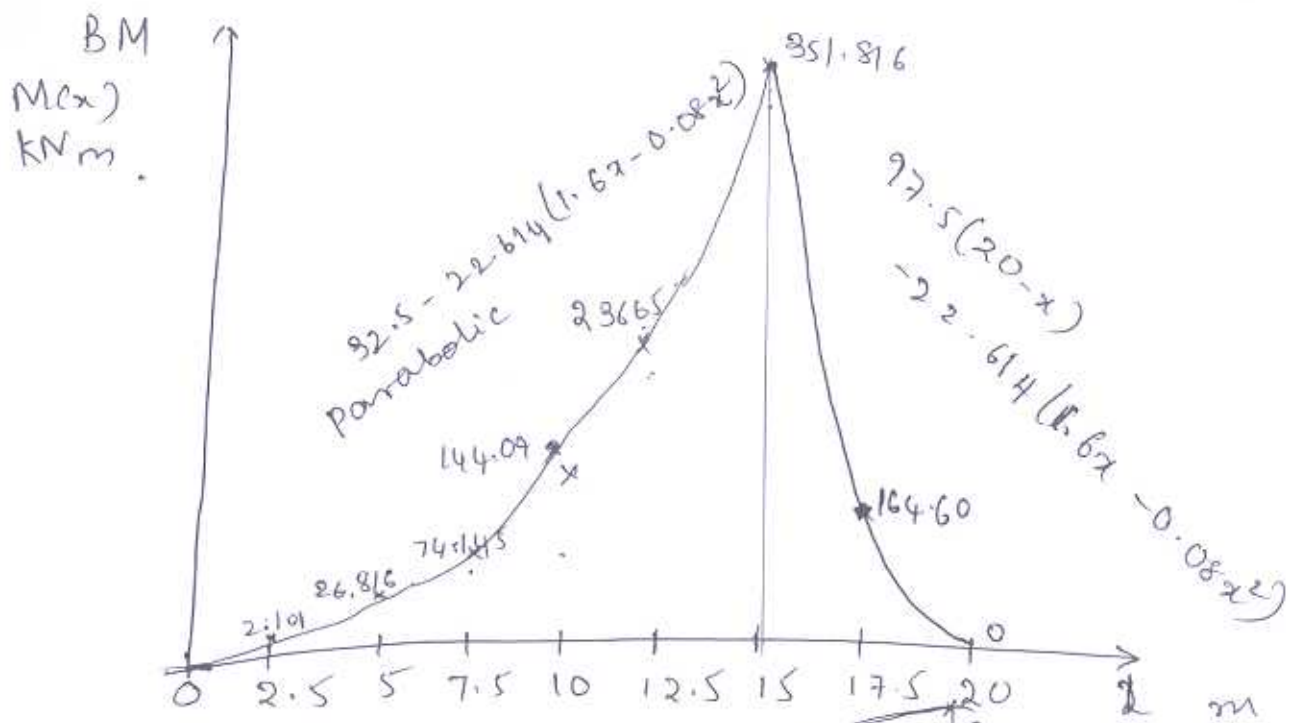


SFD $V(x) = 32.5 \text{ kN } 0 < x < 15 \text{ m}$
 $= -97.5 \text{ kN } 15 < x < 20 \text{ m}$

$M'(x) = 32.5x^0 \text{ kNm } 0 < x < 15 \text{ m}$
 $= 97.5(20-x) \text{ kNm } 15 < x < 20 \text{ m}$

$130 \times \frac{1}{4} \times 15 = 487.5 \text{ kNm}$





3.

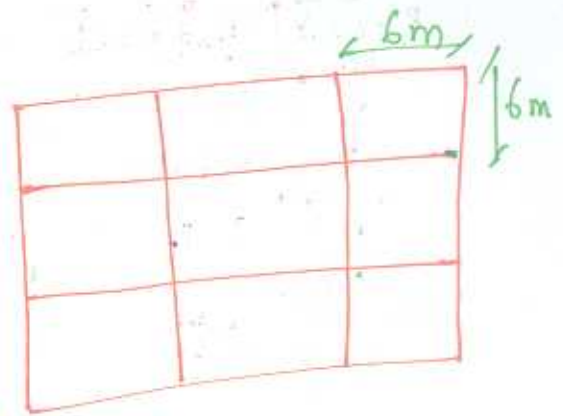
No. of frames = $A = 4$
 Degree of static indeterminacy

$$n_s = 3 \times n_{bay} \times n_{storey}$$

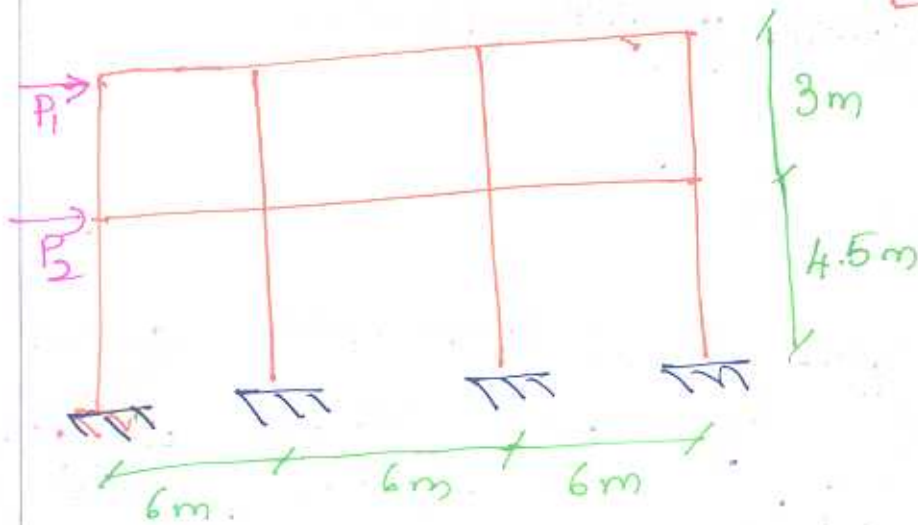
$$= 3 \times 3 \times 2$$

$$= 18$$

~~8~~



18m x 18m
 PLAN



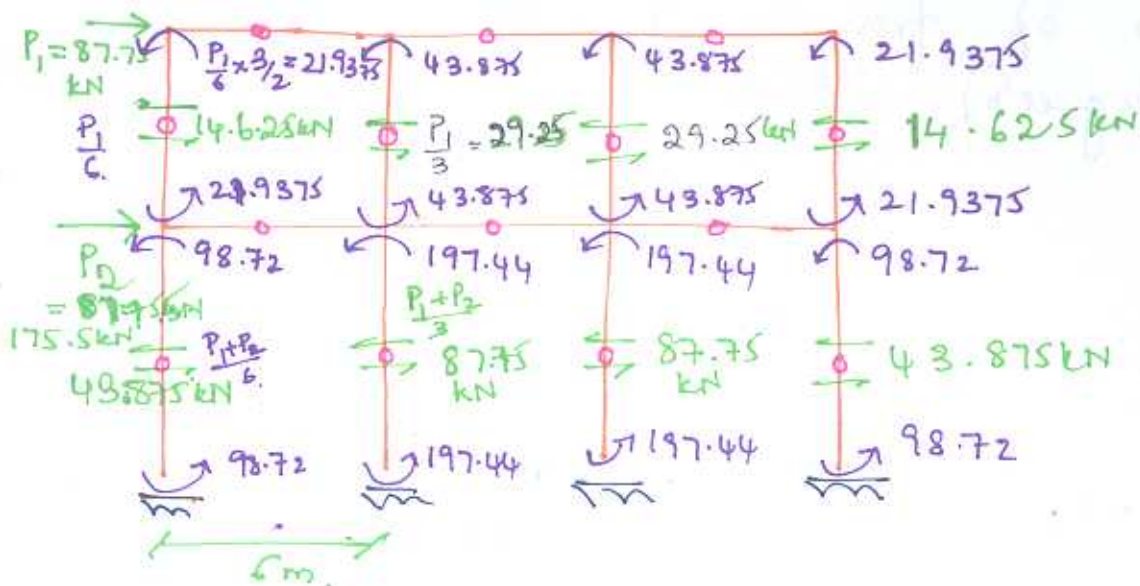
Portal Method.

Load per frame at roof level =

$$P_1 = \frac{0.1 \times 130 \times 18 \times 3.0/2}{4} = 87.75 \text{ kN}$$

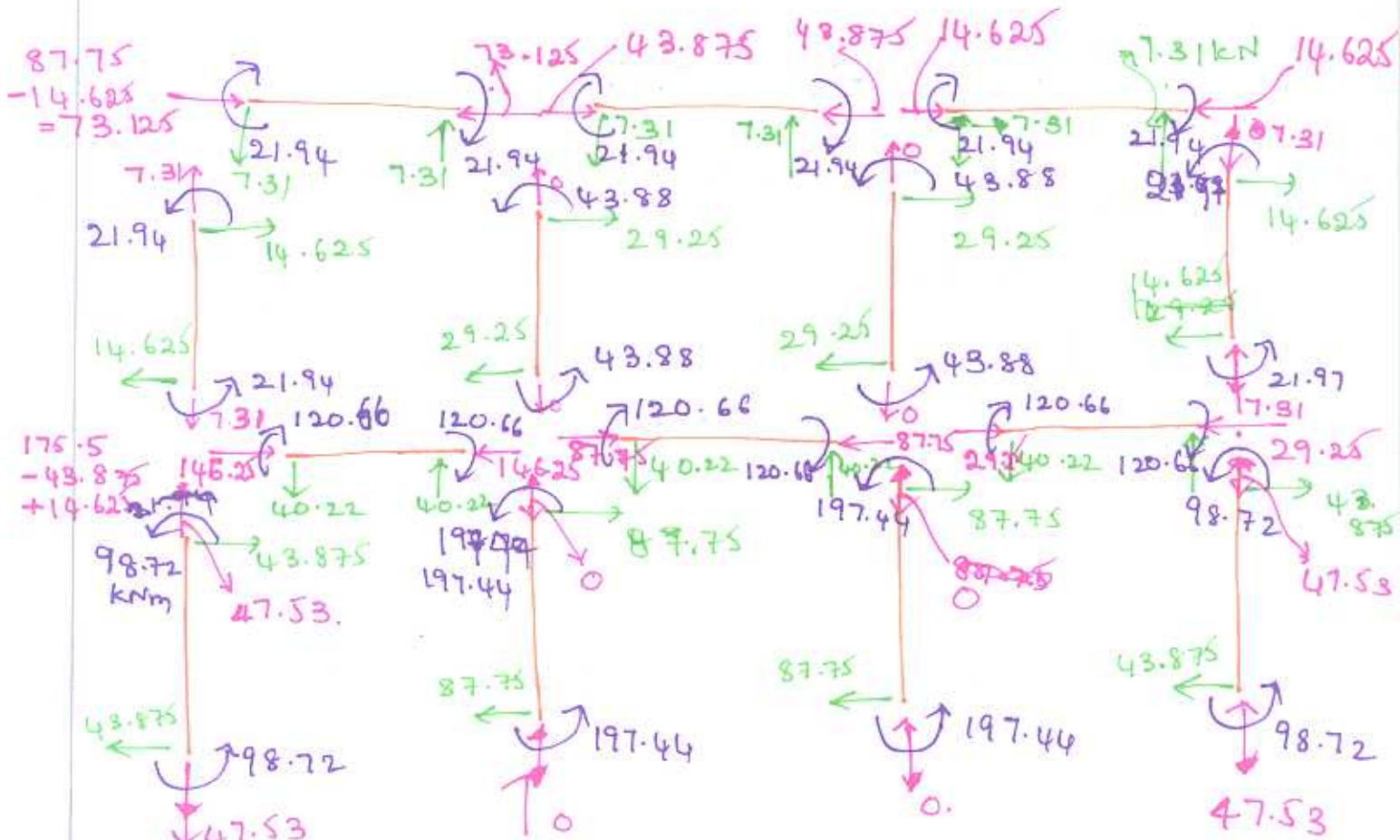
(\because 0.1P is intensity)

Load per frame at other level = $P_2 = 87.75 \times 2 = 175.5 \text{ kN}$

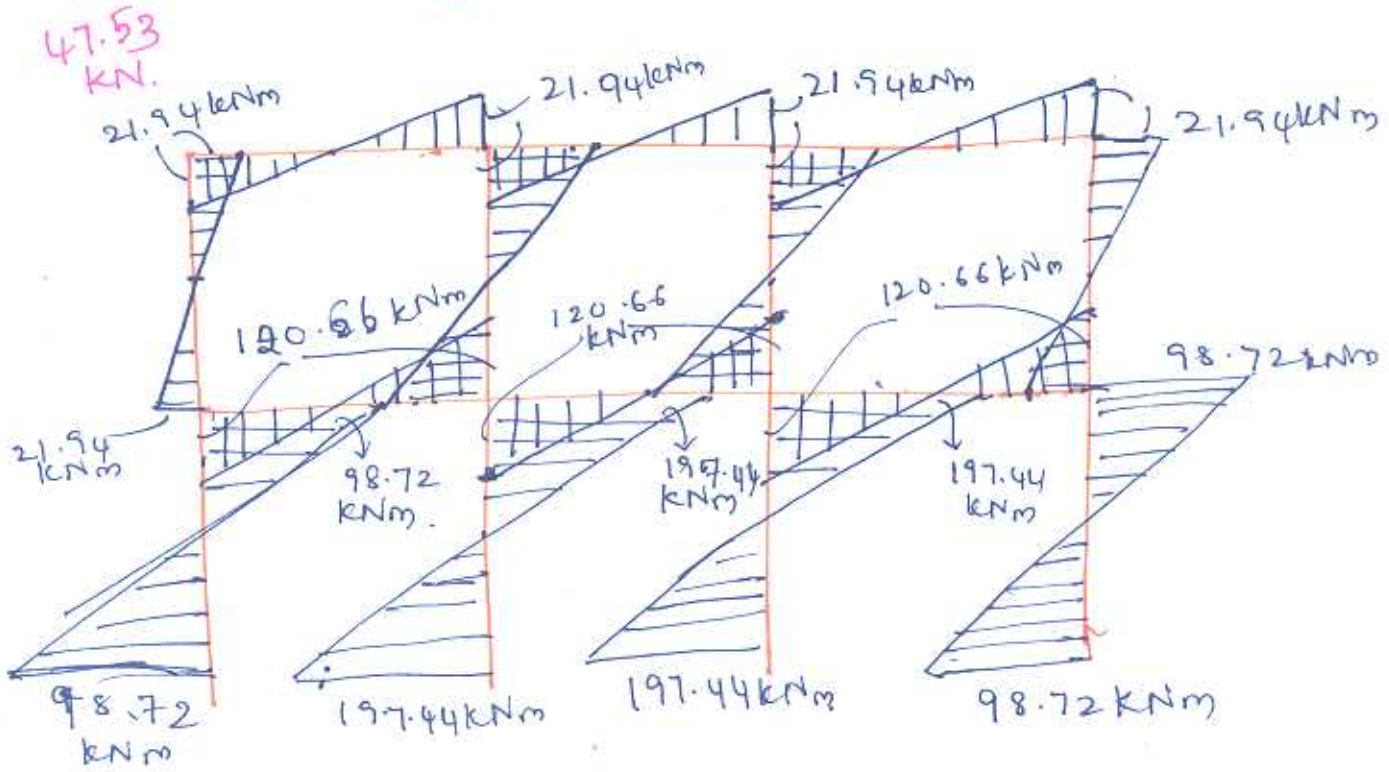
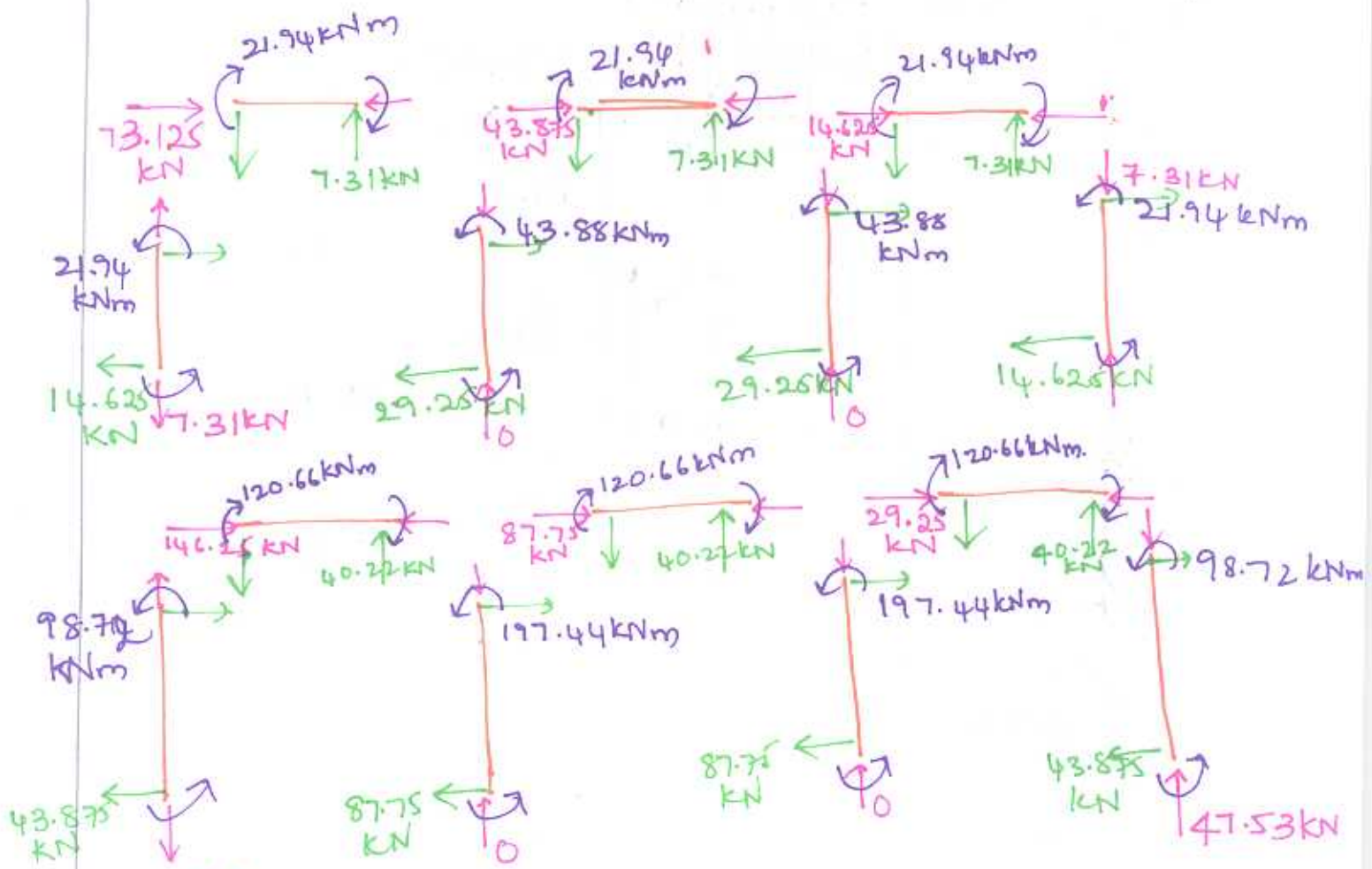


$$2x_1 \times 2 + 2x_1 \times 2 = 87.75$$

$$x_1 = 87.75$$

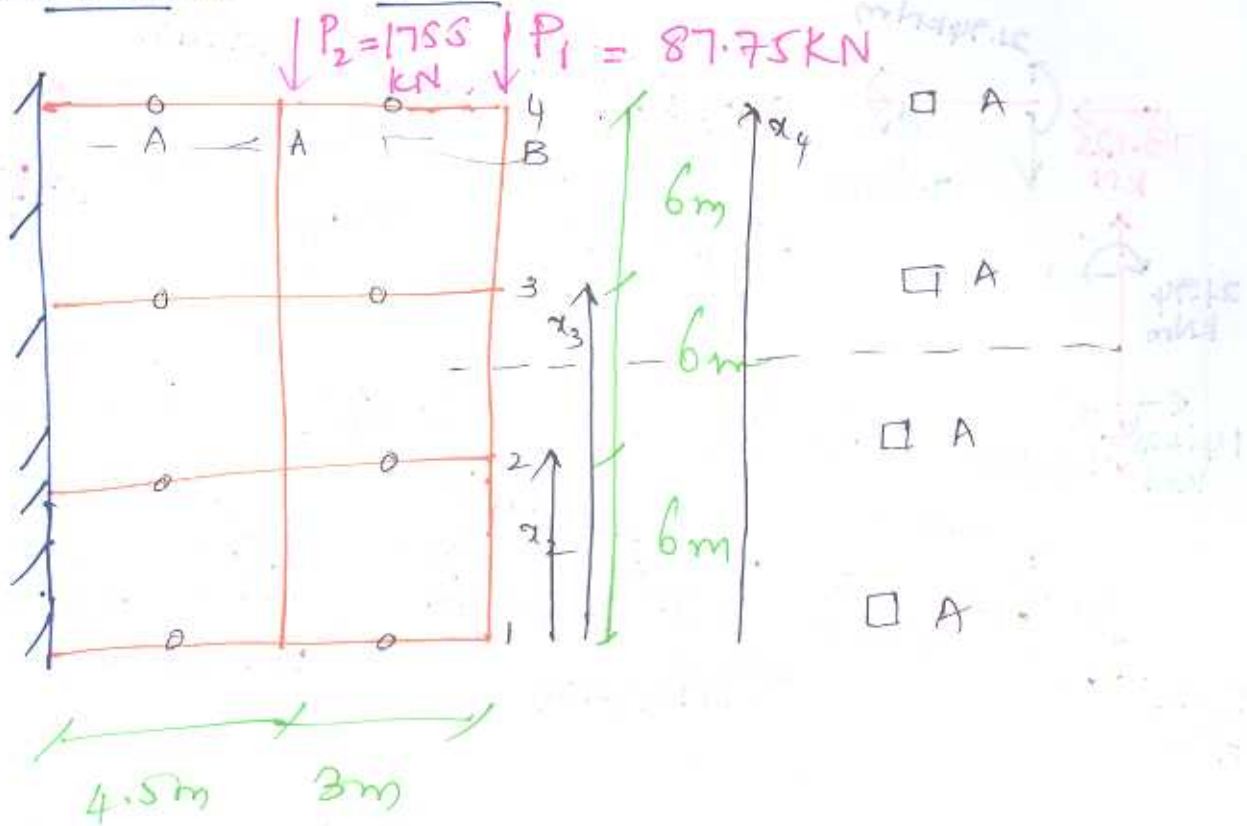


$$N_{1,1} = -P_1 \left(1 - \frac{1}{2n_{bay}} - \frac{i-1}{n_{bay}} \right)$$



BMD

CANTILEVER METHOD :



$$\bar{x} = \frac{0 \times A + 6 \times A + 12 \times A + 18 \times A}{4A}$$

$$= 9 \text{ m}$$

$$y_1 = \frac{(9-0)^2 + (9-6)^2 + (9-12)^2 + (9-18)^2}{(9-0)^2}$$

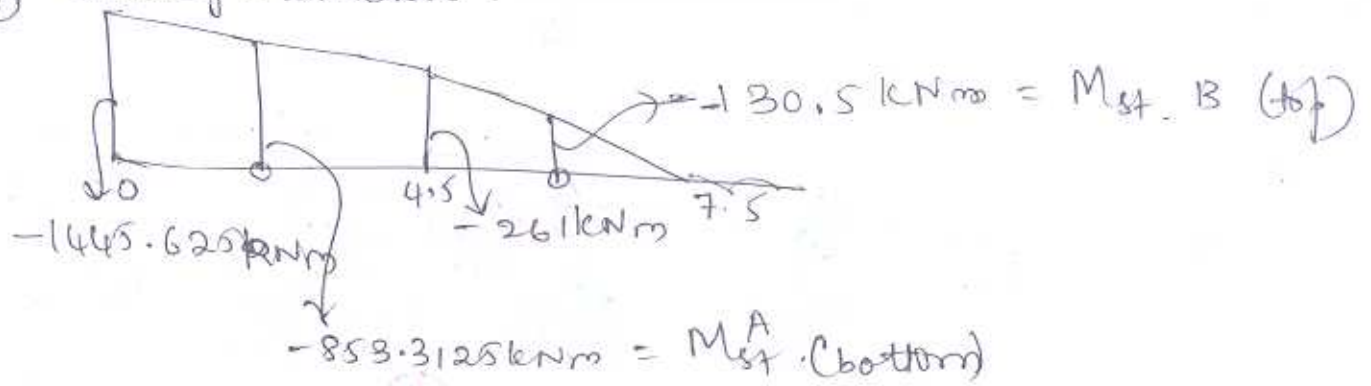
$$= \frac{2 \times (81 + 9)}{9} = \frac{180}{9} = 20 \text{ m}$$

$$y_1 = 20 \text{ m} ; y_4 = -20 \text{ m}$$

$$y_2 = \frac{2 \times 90}{(9-6)} = \frac{180}{3} = 60 \text{ m}$$

$$y_3 = -60 \text{ m}$$

(i) Storey Moments.



Column Axial forces

$$N_{B,1}^{col} = \frac{M_{st}^B}{y_1} = \frac{-130.5}{20} = -6.525 \text{ kN}; \quad N_{A,1}^{col} = \frac{M_{st}^A}{y_1} = \frac{-853.31}{20} = -42.67 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_{B,2}^{col} = \frac{-130.5}{60} = -2.175 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_{A,2}^{col} = \frac{-853.31}{60} = -14.22 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_{B,3}^{col} = +2.175 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_{A,3}^{col} = +14.22 \text{ kN}$$

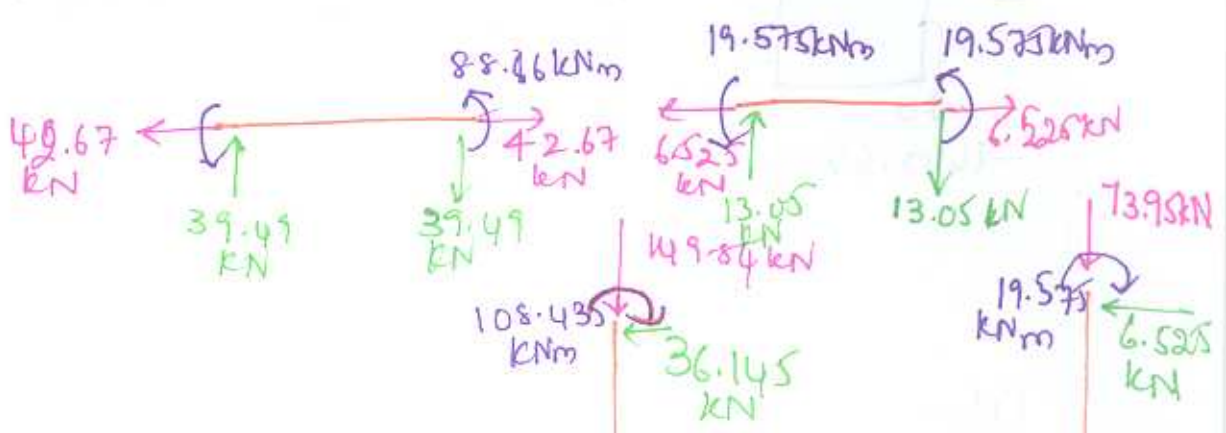
$$N_{B,4}^{col} = +6.525 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_{A,4}^{col} = +42.67 \text{ kN}$$

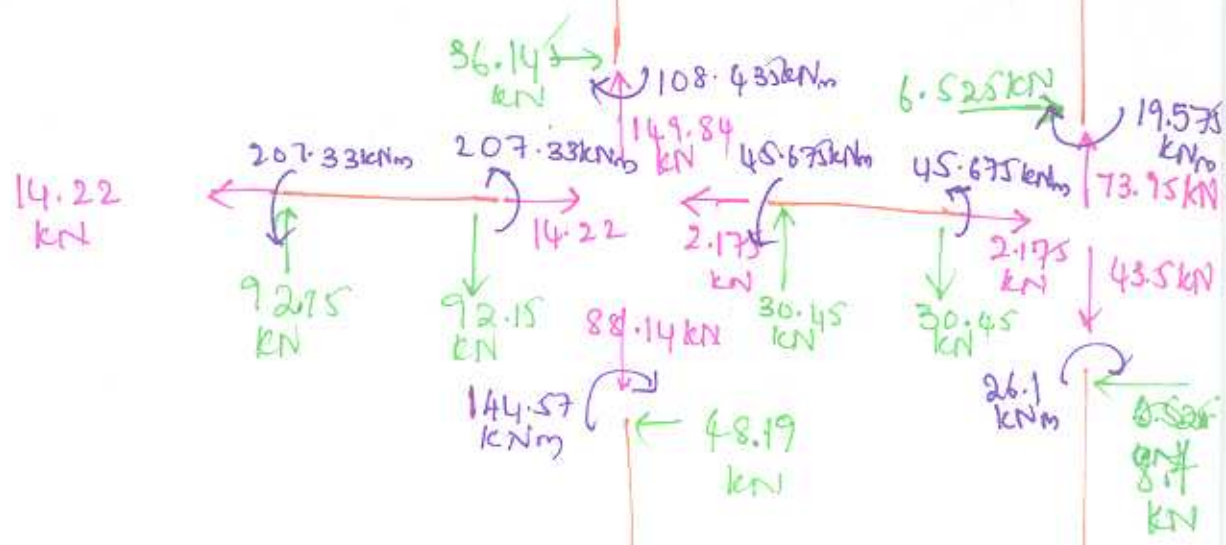
(A)

(B)

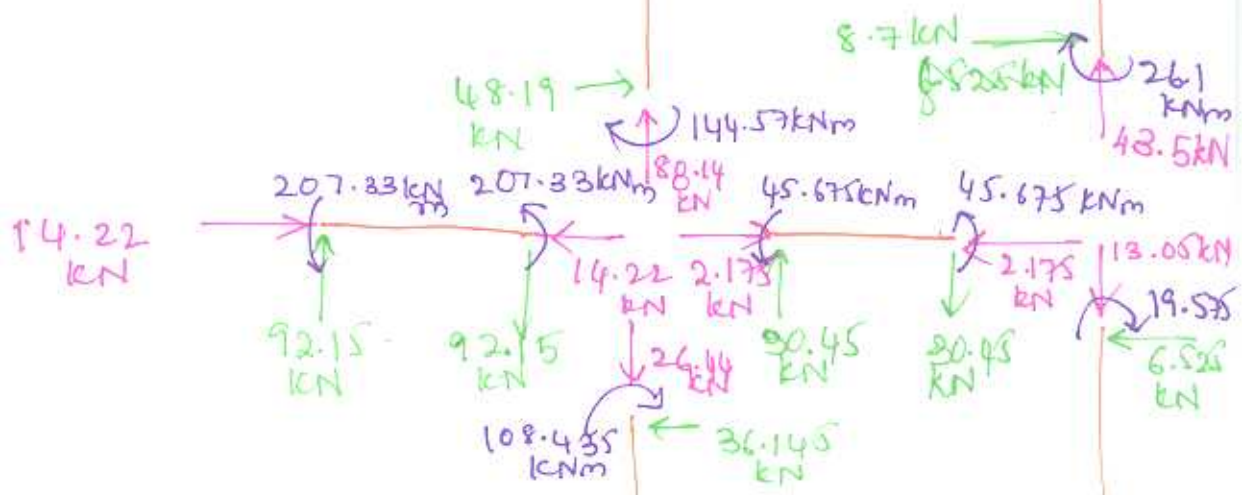
(4)



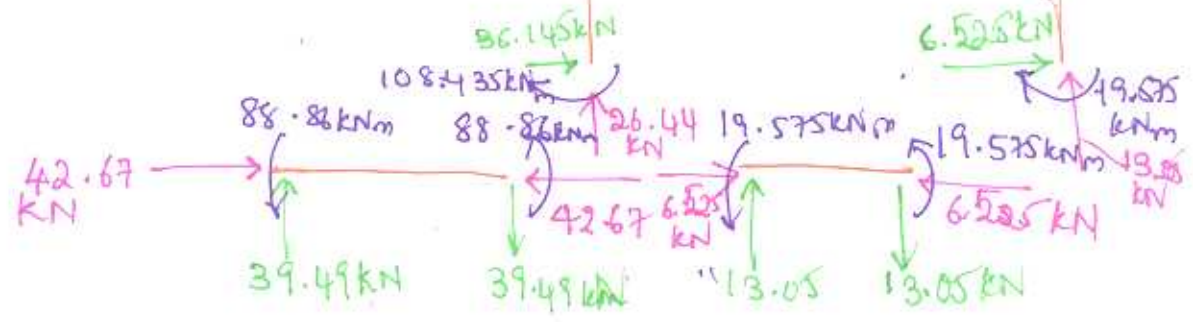
(3)

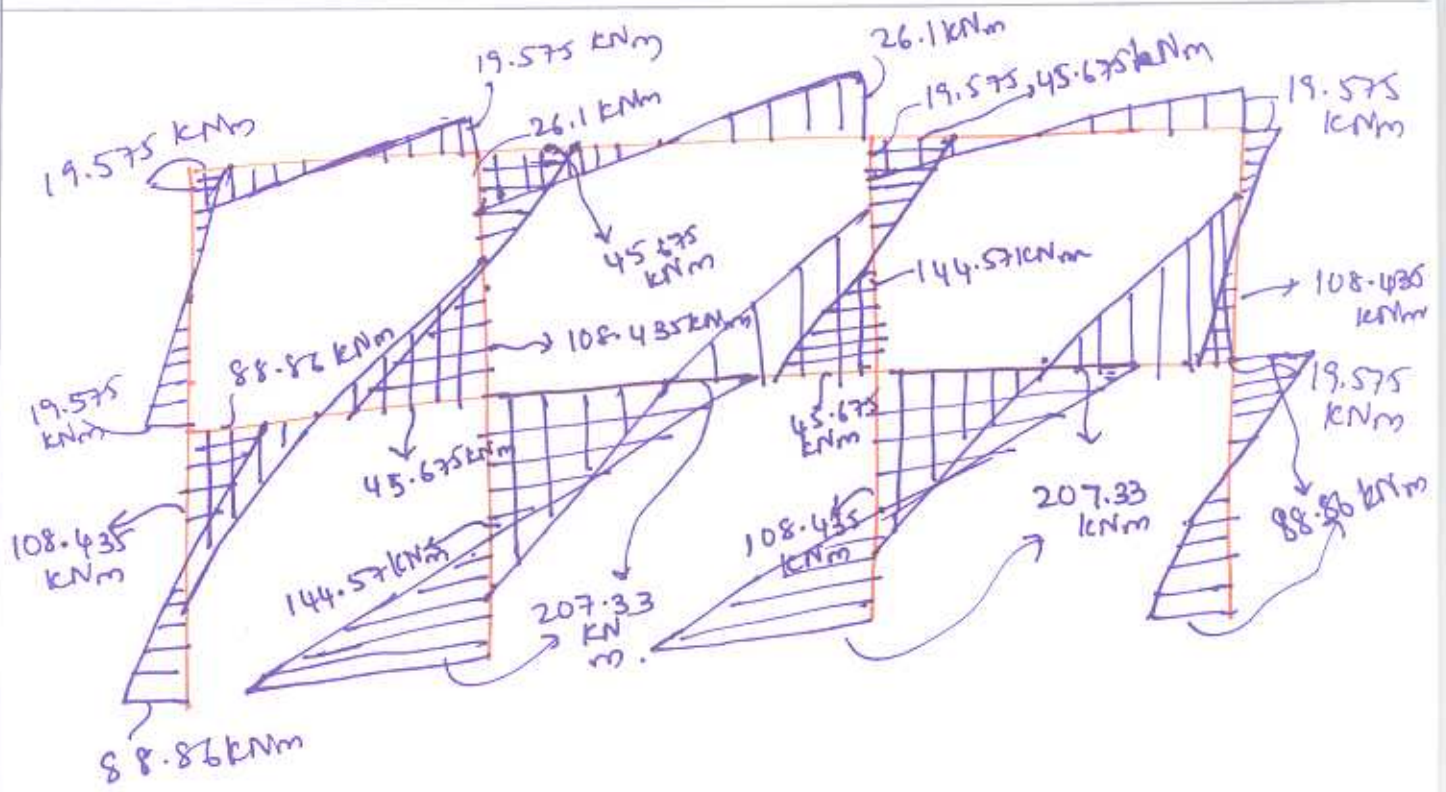


(2)

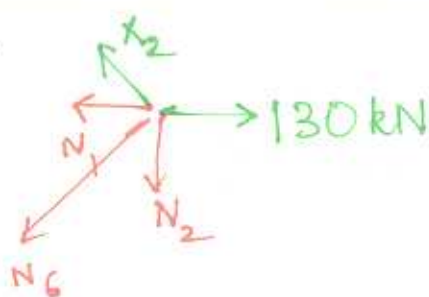


(1)





At B.



$$N_1 + N_6 \frac{4}{5} + x_2 \times \frac{4}{5} = 130. \Rightarrow 4N_6 = 260 - \frac{1430}{3} + \frac{8}{5}x_2 + \frac{4}{5}x_1 - \frac{4}{5}x_2$$

$$N_6 = \frac{5}{4} \left(-\frac{1040}{3} + \frac{4}{5}x_2 + \frac{4}{5}x_1 \right)$$

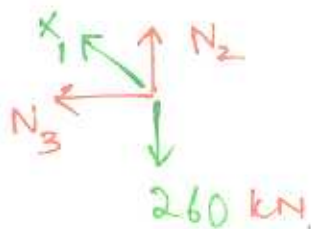
$$N_6 \times \frac{3}{5} + N_2 = x_2 \times \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow N_2 &= \frac{3}{5}x_2 - \frac{3}{5} \left(-\frac{1040}{3} + \frac{4}{5}x_2 + \frac{4}{5}x_1 \right) \times \frac{5}{4} \\ &= \frac{3}{5}x_2 + \frac{1040}{4} - \frac{3}{5}x_2 - \frac{3}{5}x_1 \\ &= \frac{1040}{4} - \frac{3}{5}x_1 \end{aligned}$$

$$N_6 = -\frac{260 \times 5}{3} + x_1 + x_2 = -\frac{1300}{3} + x_1 + x_2$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} N_6 = x_1 + x_2 - \frac{1300}{3} \\ N_2 = 260 - \frac{3}{5}x_1 \end{cases}$$

At D.



$$N_2 + x_1 \frac{3}{5} = 260. \Rightarrow N_2 = 260 - \frac{3x_1}{5}$$

$$N_3 + x_1 \times \frac{4}{5} = 0$$

$$N_3 = -\frac{4}{5}x_1$$

| Bar | Bar forces N_i | $f_i = \frac{L_i}{EA}$ | $\frac{\partial N_i}{\partial x_1}$ | $\frac{\partial N_i}{\partial x_2}$ | $f_i EA N_i \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial x_1}$ | $f_i EA N_i \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial x_2}$ |
|-----|--|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| 1 | $\frac{1430}{3} - \frac{8}{5}x_2 - \frac{4}{5}x_1$ | $\frac{4}{EA}$ | $-\frac{4}{5}$ | $-\frac{8}{5}$ | $-\frac{4576}{3} + \frac{128}{25}x_2 + \frac{64}{25}x_1$ | $-\frac{9152}{3} + \frac{256x_2}{25} + \frac{128x_1}{25}$ |
| 2 | $260 - \frac{3}{5}x_1$ | $\frac{3}{EA}$ | $-\frac{3}{5}$ | 0 | $-468 + \frac{9x_1^2}{25}$ | 0 |
| 3 | $-\frac{4}{5}x_1$ | $\frac{4}{EA}$ | $-\frac{4}{5}$ | 0 | $\frac{64}{25}x_1 = \frac{64}{25}x_1$ | 0 |
| 4 | $260 - \frac{3}{5}x_2 - \frac{3}{5}x_1$ | $\frac{3}{EA}$ | $-\frac{3}{5}$ | $-\frac{3}{5}$ | $-468 + \frac{9x_2^2}{25} + \frac{9x_1x_2}{25}$ | $-468 + \frac{9x_2^2}{25} + \frac{9x_1x_2}{25}$ |
| 5 | x_1 | $\frac{5}{EA}$ | 1 | 0 | $5x_1$ | 0 |
| 6 | $x_1 + x_2 - \frac{1300}{3}$ | $\frac{5}{EA}$ | 1 | 1 | $5x_1 + 5x_2 - \frac{6500}{3}$ | $5x_1 + 5x_2 - \frac{6500}{3}$ |
| 7 | x_2 | $\frac{5}{2EA}$ | 0 | 1 | 0 | $\frac{5x_2}{2}$ |

2 trusses

$$U^* = \frac{1}{2} \sum N_i^2 \frac{L_i}{EA_i}$$

$$\frac{dU^*}{dx_1} = \sum N_i \left(\frac{\partial N_i}{\partial x_1} \right) \frac{L_i}{EA_i} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\sum N_i \left(\frac{\partial N_i}{\partial x_1} \right) \frac{L_i}{EA_i} \right) \times EA = 0$$

$$\sum \left(\frac{EA N_i \partial N_i}{\partial x_1} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{4576}{3} + \frac{128}{25}x_2 + \frac{64}{25}x_1 - 468 + \frac{9x_1^2}{25} + \frac{64}{25}x_1 - 156 + \frac{9x_2^2}{25} + \frac{9x_1x_2}{25} + 5x_1 + 5x_1 + 5x_2 - \frac{6500}{3} = 0$$

$$x_1 \left(\frac{64}{25} + \frac{9x_1}{25} + \frac{64}{25} + \frac{9x_1}{25} + 10 \right) + x_2 \left(\frac{128}{25} + \frac{9x_2}{25} + 5 \right)$$

$$-\frac{4576}{3} - 468 - 468 - \frac{6500}{3}$$

$$\frac{432}{25} * x_1 + \frac{56}{5} x_2 = 4628 \Rightarrow \frac{432}{25} x_1 + \frac{56}{5} x_2 = 4628 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$